
PJ500C-LCD, PJ700C-LCD & PJ1000-LIGHT



User Manual Volume 1

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PJ500C-LCD, PJ700C-LCD & PJ1000-LIGHT - User Manual
Version 1.0

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Notification of intended purpose and limitations of product use

This product is a FM transmitter intended for FM audio broadcasting. It utilises operating frequencies not harmonised in the intended countries of use.

The user must obtain a license before using the product in intended country of use. Ensure respective country licensing requirements are complied with.

Limitations of use can apply in respect of operating frequency, transmitter power and/or channel spacing.

Declaration of Conformity

Hereby, R.V.R. Elettronica SpA, declares that this FM transmitter is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.



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1. Preliminary Instructions

This manual is written as a general guide for those having previous knowledge and experience with this kind of equipment, well conscious of the risks connected with the operation of electrical equipment.

It is not intended to contain a complete statement of all safety rules which should be observed by personnel in using this or other electronic equipment.

The installation, use and maintenance of this piece of equipment involve risks both for the personnel performing them and for the device itself, that shall be used only by trained personnel.

R.V.R. Elettronica SpA doesn't assume responsibility for injury or damage resulting from improper procedures or practices by untrained/unqualified personnel in the handling of this unit.

Please observe all local codes and fire protection standards in the operations of this unit.



WARNING: always disconnect power before opening covers or removing any part of this unit.

Please observe all local codes and fire protection standards in the operations of this unit.



WARNING: this device can irradiate radio frequency waves, and if it's not installed following the instructions contained in the manual and local regulations it could generate interferences in radio communications.

This is a "CLASS A" equipment. In a residential place this equipment can cause hash. In this case can be requested to user to take the necessary measures.

R.V.R. Elettronica SpA reserves the right to modify the design and/or the technical specifications of the product and this manual without notice.

2. Warranty

Any product of **R.V.R. Elettronica** is covered by a 24 (twenty-four) month warranty.

For components like tubes for power amplifiers, the original manufacturer's warranty applies.

R.V.R. Elettronica SpA extends to the original end-user purchaser all manufacturers warranties which are transferrable and all claims are to be made directly to R.V.R. per indicated procedures.

Warranty shall not include:

- 1 Re-shipment of the unit to R.V.R. for repair purposes;
- 2 Any unauthorized repair/modification;
- 3 Incidental/consequential damages as a result of any defect;
- 4 Nominal non-incident defects;
- 5 Re-shipment costs or insurance of the unit or replacement units/parts.

Any damage to the goods must be reported to the carrier in writing on the shipment receipt.

Any discrepancy or damage discovered subsequent to delivery, shall be reported to **R.V.R. Elettronica** within **5** (five) days from delivery date.

To claim your rights under this warranty, you should follow this procedure:

- 1 Contact the dealer or distributor where you purchased the unit. Describe the problem and, so that a possible easy solution can be detected.

Dealers and Distributors are supplied with all the information about problems that may occur and usually they can repair the unit quicker than what the manufacturer could do. Very often installing errors are discovered by dealers.

- 2 If your dealer cannot help you, contact **R.V.R. Elettronica** and explain the problem. If it is decided to return the unit to the factory, **R.V.R. Elettronica** will mail you a regular authorization with all the necessary instructions to send back the goods;

- 3 When you receive the authorization, you can return the unit. Pack it carefully for the shipment, preferably using the original packing and seal the package perfectly. The customer always assumes the risks of loss (i.e., R.V.R. is never responsible for damage or loss), until the package reaches R.V.R. premises. For this reason, we suggest you to insure the goods for the whole value. Shipment must be effected C.I.F. (PREPAID) to the address specified by R.V.R.'s service manager on the authorization



DO NOT RETURN UNITS WITHOUT OUR AUTHORIZATION AS THEY WILL BE REFUSED

- 4 Be sure to enclose a written technical report where mention all the problems found and a copy of your original invoice establishing the starting date of the warranty.

Replacement and warranty parts may be ordered from the following address. Be sure to include the equipment model and serial number as well as part description and part number.



R.V.R. Elettronica SpA
Via del Fonditore, 2/2c
40138 BOLOGNA
ITALY
Tel. +39 051 6010506

3. First Aid

The personnel employed in the installation, use and maintenance of the device, shall be familiar with theory and practice of first aid.

3.1 Treatment of electrical shocks

3.1.1 If the victim is not responsive

Follow the A-B-C's of basic life support.

- Place victim flat on his back on a hard surface.
- Open airway: lift up neck, push forehead back (**Figure 1**).

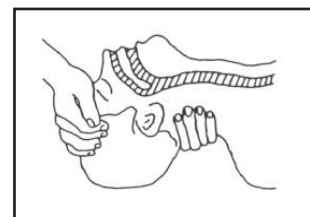


Figure 1

- clear out mouth if necessary and observe for breathing
- if not breathing, begin artificial breathing (**Figure 2**): tilt head, pinch nostrils, make airtight seal, four quick full breaths. Remember mouth to mouth resuscitation must be commenced as soon as possible.



Figure 2

- Check carotid pulse (**Figure 3**); if pulse is absent, begin artificial circulation (**Figure 4**) depressing sternum (**Figure 5**).

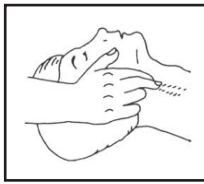


Figure 3

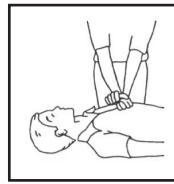


Figure 4

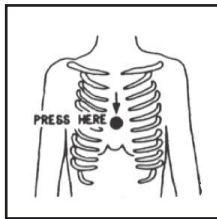


Figure 5

- In case of only one rescuer, 15 compressions alternated to two breaths.
- If there are two rescuers, the rhythm shall be of one breath each 5 compressions.
- Do not interrupt the rhythm of compressions when the second person is giving breath.
- Call for medical assistance as soon as possible.

3.1.2 If victim is responsive

- Keep them warm.
- Keep them as quiet as possible.
- Loosen their clothing (a reclining position is recommended).
- Call for medical help as soon as possible.

3.2 Treatment of electrical Burns

3.2.1 Extensive burned and broken skin

- Cover area with clean sheet or cloth.
- Do not break blisters, remove tissue, remove adhered particles of clothing, or apply any salve or ointment.

- Treat victim for shock as required.
- Arrange transportation to a hospital as quickly as possible.
- If arms or legs are affected keep them elevated.

If medical help will not be available within an hour and the victim is conscious and not vomiting, give him a weak solution of salt and soda: 1 level teaspoonful of salt and 1/2 level teaspoonful of baking soda to each quart of water (neither hot or cold).

Allow victim to sip slowly about 4 ounces (half a glass) over a period of 15 minutes.

Discontinue fluid if vomiting occurs.

DO NOT give alcohol.

3.2.2 Less severe burns

- Apply cool (not ice cold) compresses using the cleansed available cloth article.
- Do not break blisters, remove tissue, remove adhered particles of clothing, or apply salve or ointment.
- Apply clean dry dressing if necessary.
- Treat victim for shock as required.
- Arrange transportation to a hospital as quickly as possible.
- If arms or legs are affected keep them elevated.

4. Unpacking

The package contains:

- 1 **PJ500C-LCD, PJ700C-LCD & PJ1000-LIGHT**
- 1 User Manual
- 1 Mains power cable

The following accessories are also available from Your R.V.R. Dealer:

- **Accessories, spare parts and cables**

4.1 General Description

PJ500C-LCD, PJ700C-LCD e PJ1000light are compact **radio broadcasting amplifier** manufactured by **R.V.R. Elettronica SpA** featuring adjustable RF power output up to 500, 700 and 1000 W, respectively, under 50 Ohm standard load and less than 20W drive power requirement.

PJ500C-LCD, PJ700C-LCD and PJ1000light have been designed for installation in a 19"x3HE box for rack.

These amplifiers incorporates a low-pass filter to keep harmonics below the limits provided for by international standards (CCIR, FCC or ETSI).




Two major features of **PJ500C-LCD, PJ700C-LCD and PJ1000light** are compact design and user-friendliness. Another key feature is its modular-concept design: the different functions are performed by modules with most connections achieved through male and female connectors or through flat cables terminated by connectors. This design facilitates maintenance and module replacement.

The RF power section of **PJ500C-LCD** uses two MOSFET modules delivering up to 300W output power each, **PJ700C-LCD** uses two MOSFET modules delivering up to 350W output power each, whereas **PJ1000light** features three MOSFET modules with up to 350 W output power each.

An LCD on the front panel and a push-button panel provide for user interfacing with the microprocessor control system, which implements the following features:

- Output power setup
- Power output enable/disable
- User-selectable threshold settings for output power alarm (Power Good feature)
- Measurement and display of amplifier operating parameters
- Communication with external devices, as programming systems or telemetry systems through RS232 or I²C serial interface

Four LEDs on the front panel provide for machine status indication (ON, FAULT/ LOCK, FOLDBACK, RF MUTE) and two yellow LEDs provide Power Supply fault indication.

The amplifier management software is based on a menu system. User has four navigation buttons available to browse submenus: **ESC**, , , , and **ENTER**.

The rear panel features the mains input connectors with a mains voltage switch (chap. 6.2) to select the appropriate mains input voltage, RF input and output connectors, telemetry connector, protection fuses, interlock input and output connectors and a BNC connector that provides an RF test point with level being -60 dB lower than power output.

5. Quick guide for installation and use

This section provides a step-by-step description of the machine installation and configuration procedure. Follow these procedures closely upon first power-on and each time any change is made to general configuration, such as when a new transmission station is added or the exciter is replaced.

Once the desired configuration has been set up, no more settings are required for normal operation; at each power-up (even after an accidental shutdown), the amplifier defaults to the parameters set during the initial configuration procedure.

The topics covered in this section are discussed at greater length in the next sections, with detailed descriptions of all hardware and firmware features and capabilities. Please see the relevant sections for additional details.



IMPORTANT: *When configuring and testing the transmitter in which the amplifier is integrated, be sure to have the Final Test Table supplied with the machine ready at hand throughout the whole procedure; the Final Test Table lists all operating parameters as set and tested at the factory.*

5.1 Preparation

5.1.1 Preliminary checks

Unpack the amplifier and immediately inspect it for transport damage. Ensure that all connectors are in perfect condition.

Provide for the following (applicable to operating tests and putting into service):

- √ Single-phase 230 VAC or 115 VAC (-15% / +10%) mains power supply with adequate ground connection
- √ FM exciter with adjustable output power up to 20W (as a minimum), like RVR Elettronica PTX30-LCD
- √ For operating tests only: dummy load with 50 Ohm impedance and adequate capacity (500w for **PJ500C-LCD**, 700w for **PJ700C-LCD** or 1000 W for **PJ1000light** as a minimum)
- √ Connection cable kit including:
 - Mains power cable

5.1.2 Mains power supply



WARNING: Disconnect mains power supply before beginning these procedures.

Both power supply units (please see chapter 8.1 for a detailed description) are equipped with fuses and voltage selection blocks: **check all fuses and voltage selection blocks to ensure they are properly rated for the power mains and change them as required to match mains voltage.**

All mains power supply protection fuses are conveniently located on the rear panel and are easily accessed (see figure 6.2): to check or replace a fuse, **disconnect machine from power mains**, unscrew fuse cover and pull fuse out of socket.

The following fuses are used:

	<i>PJ500C-LCD / PJ700C-LCD @ 230 Vac/115 Vac</i>	<i>PJ1000light @ 230 Vac/115 Vac</i>
Main Power Supply <i>(fig. 6.2 - item [7] e [20])</i>	(2x) 25A type 10x38	(2x) 25A type 10x38
Service power supply <i>(fig. 6.2 - item [19])</i>	(1x) 1A type 5x20	(1x) 2A type 5x20

Table 5.1: Fuses

Ensure that machine is appropriately set for available mains voltage (supply voltage rating is reported in the Final Test Table) as follows: **disconnect machine from mains** and ensure that the voltage selection block of the power supply located on the rear panel (see fig. 6.2) is set to the appropriate voltage; change setting as required.

The main power supply unit is the full-range type and requires no voltage setup.

When supply voltage is other than 230 Vac and might cause erratic operation (say, less than 200 Vac), it may help to move jumper JP3 on the PFC controller board from position 2-3 to 1-2 (see PFCPSL1000 diagram, in figure 9.1 and detail in figure 5.1 below).

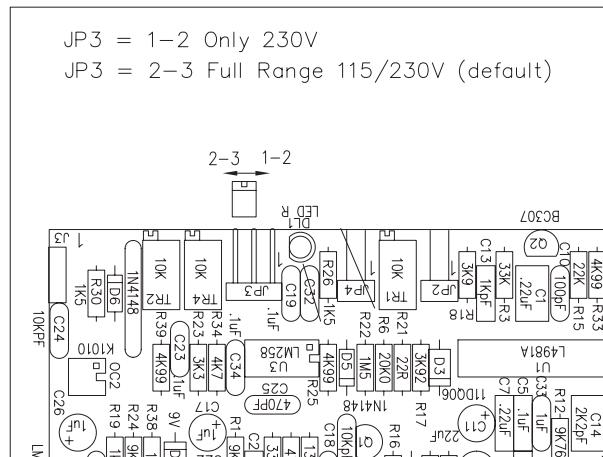


Figure 5.1: Voltage selection jumper on PFC

5.1.3 Connections

Connect the output of a suitable FM exciter (for instance, PTX30-LCD exciter available from R.V.R. Elettronica) to the RF input (see figure 6.2) using a 50-Ohm coaxial cable with suitable connectors. To begin with, set exciter to minimum output power and switch it off.

Connect the amplifier INTERLOCK OUT output (figure 6.2) to the matching INTERLOCK IN input fitted on all R.V.R. Elettronica exciters as standard; if your exciter is a different brand, identify an equivalent input.

Connect the RF output (see figure 6.2) to an adequately rated dummy load or to the antenna.



WARNING: Electric shock hazard. Never handle the RF output connector when the machine is powered on and no load is connected. Injury or death may result.

Ensure that the **POWER** switch on the front panel (see figure 6.1) is set to **“OFF”**.

Connect the mains power cable to the MAINS terminal board on the rear panel (see figure 6.2).



Note : *The mains must be equipped with adequate ground connection properly connected to the machine. This is a pre-requisite for ensuring operator safety and correct operation.*



WARNING: The power supply connector is a terminal board. Ensure the wire is not live before performing the connection.

Please see figure 5.2 for a hook-up diagram showing RF connection between amplifier and exciter and load connection.

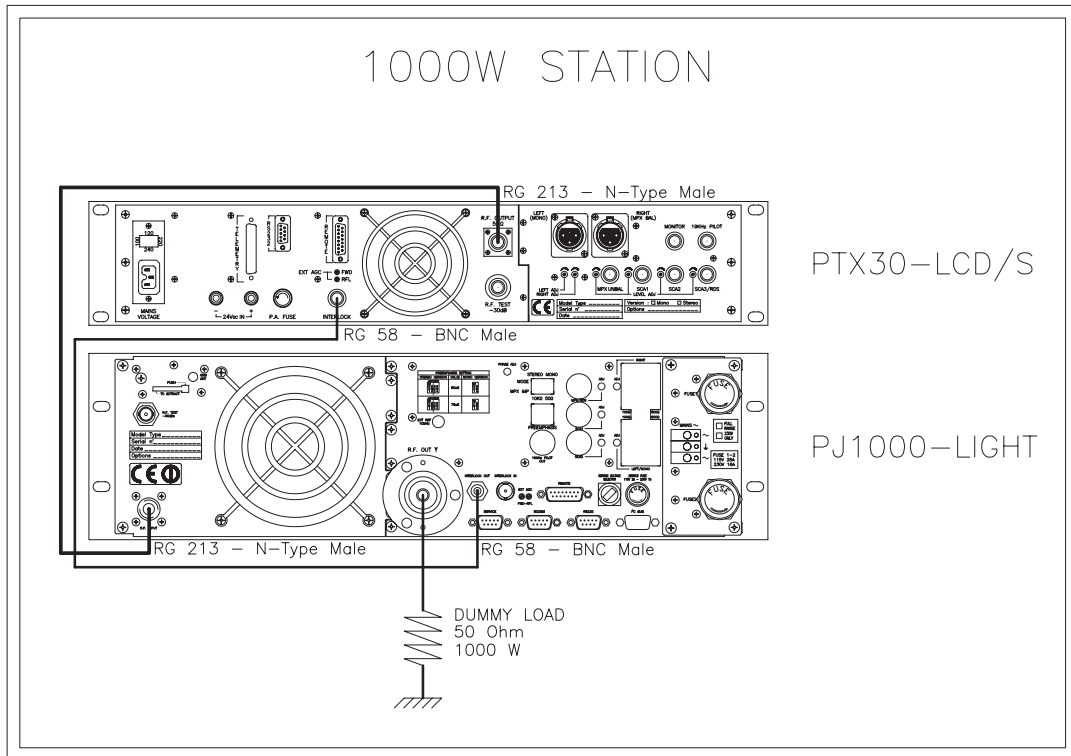


Figure 5.2: Connection to exciter

5.2 First power-on and setup

Follow this procedure upon first power-on and after making changes to the configuration of the transmitter in which the amplifier is integrated.



Note : Standard factory settings are RF power output Off (**Pwr OFF**) and output power set to upper limit (unless otherwise specified by customer).

5.1.2 Pilot exciter setup

Set up the pilot exciter so that the output power it delivers to a matched load equals the maximum input power indicated in the amplifier **final test table**, switch off the exciter and connect it to the amplifier.

5.2.2 Power-on

When you have performed all of the connections described in the previous paragraph, power on the amplifier using the suitable power switch on the front panel (figure 6.1). Power on the pilot exciter.

5.2.3 Power check

Ensure that the **ON** light turns on (see figure 6.1). Machine name should appear briefly on the display, quickly followed by forward and reflected power readings (figure 5.2 - menu 1). If RF output is disabled, these readings will be zero.

5.2.4 How to enable Local mode and RF output

Check current mode setting and enable **Local mode** (if not already enabled) following menu path **Fnc** ⇒ **Loc** ⇒ **Local** (figure 5.2 - menu 4): if left disabled, the machine will not accept the next commands.

Check current **RF** output setting and enable output (if not already enabled) following menu path **Fnc** ⇒ **Pwr** ⇒ **ON** (figure 5.2 - menu 4)

Check output power level and set to maximum level (if not already set to maximum) from the Power Setup Menu, which you can call up by pressing these keys in the order: **ESC** (opens **Default Menu**) ⇒ **ENTER** (hold down for 2 seconds) ⇒ **SET** ⇒ use key to set bar to maximum limit (figure 5.2 - menu 2).

5.2.5 Input power check and setup

Go to **Pwr** menu (figure 5.2 - menu 5) and look up forward output power **Fwd**, reflected power **Rfl** and input power **Inp** readings.

With drive power set as specified in the **Final Test Table**, amplifier output power should be 500W (for model **PJ500C-LCD**), 700W (for model **PJ700C-LCD**) or 1000W (for model **PJ1000-light**) or higher: if needed, fine tune drive power until achieving rated output power. Never exceed 550W (for model **PJ500C-LCD**), 770W (for model **PJ700C-LCD**) or 1100W (for model **PJ1000-light**) output power.



Note : Normally, drive power should not exceed 20W (typically 18W): higher drive power requirements are a symptom of abnormal operation.



WARNING: Drive power levels above 20W (typically 25W), result in exceeding input power, which causes a temporary amplifier lock-out (see section 5.3.4.1 - Alarms and Faults for more details).



5.2.6 RF output power level control



IMPORTANT: The amplifier incorporates Automatic Gain Control and output power is modulated based on the power level set by the user and actual operating conditions, such as temperature, reflected power and other parameters. Drive power must be kept steady at maximum output power capacity. Please read section 5.3 for more details of RF power modulation.

Open the **Power setup menu** (figure 5.2 - menu 2) pressing the following keys in the order:

ESC (opens **Default Menu**) ⇒ **ENTER** (hold down for 2 seconds)

Use **SET** menu  and  keys to set the desired amplifier output power; the SET bar at the side provides a graphic display of set power, whereas the forward power value shown on the display (**Fwd: xxxx W**) gives actual output power reading, **and may be lower than set power if an Automatic Gain Control is in limited-power mode** (please read section 5.3 concerning RF power modulation for more details”.



Note : Output power can also be set in a **Pwr OFF** condition; in this condition, (**Fwd**) output power reading on the display will be 0 (zero), whereas the **SET** bar, which you can control using the keys, provides a graphic display of the amount of power that will be delivered the moment you switch back to **Pwr ON** state.

5.2.7 Changing the Power Good alarm threshold

Change Forward Power Good alarm setting **PgD** from the **Fnc** menu as required (factory setting is 50%).

Please read section 5.3.1 for more details.

5.2.8 Changing machine I²C address

Change the **IIC** address in the **Mix** menu as required (factory setting is 01).

Please read section 5.3.5 for more details.

5.2.9 How to enable Remote mode

If you wish to use the telemetry control feature, enable Remote control in the **Fnc** menu (see section 5.3.1 for details).



Note : In the **Remote** mode, all local push-button controls except **Remote/Local** (for switching back to Local mode) are disabled . Operating parameter readings are available.

5.3 Operation



NOTE: For better clarity, only the typical screens of **PJ1000light** are reported below. **PJ500C-LCD** and **PJ700C-LCD** screens look the same except that full scale values are different.

- 1) Power on the amplifier (chap. 6.1) and ensure that the **ON** light turns on (chap. 6.1). Machine name should appear briefly on the display, quickly followed by forward and reflected power readings (Menu 1), provided that the amplifier is delivering output power.

```

Fwd:      997      W
Rf1:      12       W
    
```

Menu 1

- 1b) To **modify power level setting**, hold down the **ENTER** button until opening the **power setup menu**.

The edit screen will look like this:



```

SET : ██████████
Fwd:      997      W
    
```

Menu 2

Next to **SET** indication, a bar provides a graphic display of preset output power. The filled portion of the bar is proportional to set power level.

<i>Example</i>		
100% output power	Full bar	≅ 1000W in output (mod.PJ1000light) ≅ 700W output (mod.PJ700C-LCD) ≅ 500W output (mod.PJ500C-LCD)
50% output power	Half bar	≅ 500W in output (mod.PJ1000light) ≅ 350W output (mod.PJ700C-LCD) ≅ 250W output (mod.PJ500C-LCD)
25% output power	1/4 bar	≅ 250W in output (mod.PJ1000light) ≅ 175W output (mod.PJ700C-LCD) ≅ 125W output (mod.PJ500C-LCD)

The bottom line provides instantaneous power reading (997W in this instance); press button  to increase level, press  to decrease it. When you have achieved the desired level, press **ENTER** to confirm and exit the default menu. Please note that the setting is stored automatically; in other words, if you press **ESC** or do not press any keys before the preset time times out, the latest power level set will be retained.



NOTE: This feature prevents the machine from delivering maximum power as soon as output is enabled from menu 4, or in the event the machine is already set to **ON** and energised.

- 2) Ensure that machine is not in a locked-out state. Press the **ESC** key (chap. 6.1) to call up the selection screen (Menu 3). Highlight **Fnc** and press **ENTER** to confirm (chap. 6.1) and access the appropriate menu (menu 4).

If **LOC** is set to **REMOTE** (machine remote control), move cursor to **LOC** and press **ENTER** (chap. 6.1); label will change to **LOCAL**, i.e. local control operation mode.

In the same menu, ensure that power limiting is disabled: if **PWR** is set to **OFF**, i.e. power output is disabled, move cursor to **PWR**. Press **ENTER** (chap. 6.1) and label will switch to **ON**, i.e. power output enabled.

Press **ESC** (chap. 6.1) twice to go back to the **default menu** (menu 1).

- 3) Fine tune power setting from menu 2 (see description of item 1b) until achieving the desired value.



WARNING: Equipment is capable of delivering more than rated output power (500W for **PJ500C-LCD**, 700W for **PJ700C-LCD** or 1000 W for **PJ1000-LIGHT**); however, never exceed the specified power rating.



NOTE: Exciter drive power setting should never exceed 20W, or it will trigger an Overdrive Alarm.



NOTE: If power is set to 0 W in the **edit mode**, the INTERLOCK OUT contact (chap. 6.2) trips and external exciter power is immediately inhibited.

Next, you can review all operating parameters of the machine through the management firmware.

Normally, the machine can run unattended. Any alarm condition is handled automatically by the safety system or is signalled by the LED indicators on the panel or by display messages.



NOTE: Standard factory settings are: output power set to upper limit (unless otherwise specified by customer) and **OFF**.

5.4 Management Firmware

The machine features an LCD with two lines by 16 characters that displays a set of menus. Figure 5.2 below provides an overview of machine menus.

The symbols listed below appear in the left portion of the display as appropriate:

- ▬ (Cursor) - Highlights selected (i.e. accessible) menu.
- ▶ (Filled arrow) - Editable parameter marker. This symbol appears in menus that take up more than two lines to aid browsing.
- ▶▶▶ (Three empty arrows) - Parameter is being edited.
- ▶ (Empty arrow) - Current line marker; the parameter in this line cannot be edited. This symbol appears in menus that take up more than two lines to aid browsing.

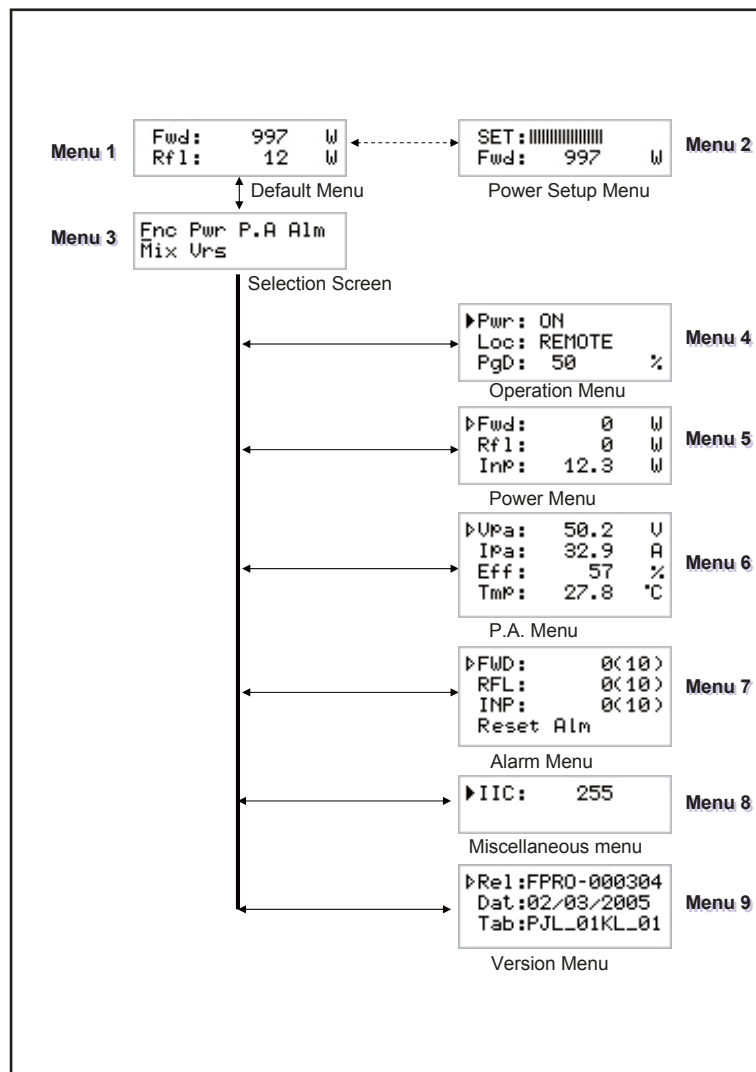


Figure 5.2

When the display is off, touching any key will turn on backlighting.

When the display is on, pressing the **ESC** button (chap. 6.1) from the **default menu** (menu 1) calls up the **selection screen** (menu 3), which gives access to all other menus:



Menu 3

To gain access to a submenu, select menu name (name is highlighted by cursor) using button $\downarrow \rightarrow$ or $\leftarrow \uparrow$ and press the **ENTER** button (chap. 6.1).

Press **ESC** again (chap. 6.1) to return to the **default menu** (menu 1).

5.4.1 Operation Menu (Fnc)

In this menu, you can set **power output** On/Off, toggle between “Local” or “Remote” control mode and set the **Forward Power Good (PgD)** threshold rate.

To edit an item, highlight the appropriate line using the UP and DOWN buttons and then press and hold the **ENTER** button (chap. 6.1) until the command is accepted. This way, Pwr setting is toggled between On and Off and Mod setting is toggled between “x1” and “x10”. To edit the Power Good rate, simply select item “PgD” and edit its value using buttons $\leftarrow \uparrow$ and $\downarrow \rightarrow$; finally, press **ENTER** to confirm (chap. 6.1).



Menu 4

- Pwr** Enables (ON) or disables (OFF) amplifier power output.
- Loc** Modifies machine operation. In the LOCAL mode, the machine can read and modify its operating parameters through the navigation keys and the management firmware, whereas all other sources are locked out. In the REMOTE mode, the machine can only read its operating parameters; parameters are modified based on the commands received from other connected telemetry systems.

PgD Modifies Power Good threshold for forward power. The Power Good rate is a percent of equipment rated power (500W for **PJ500C-LCD**, 700W for **PJ700C-LCD** and 1000 W for **PJ1000-LIGHT**), not of forward output power. This means that this threshold set at 50% will give 250, 350 and 500 W, respectively, regardless of set power level. The Power Good feature enables output power control and reporting. When output power drops below set Power Good threshold, the equipment changes the state of pin [7] of the DB15 “Remote” connector located on the rear panel (figure 6.2).

5.4.2 Power Menu (Pwr)

This screen holds all readings related to machine output power:

▷Fwd:	0	W
Rfl:	0	W
Inp:	12.3	W

Menu 5



Fwd Forward power reading.

Rfl Reflected power reading.

Inp Input power reading.

Note that these are readings, rather than settings, and cannot be edited (note the empty arrow). To change power setting, go to the **default menu** (menu 1) as outlined earlier.

5.4.3 Power Amplifier (P.A) Menu

This screen is made up of four lines that can be scrolled using the buttons  and , shows the readings relating to final power stage:

▷Upa:	50.2	V
IPa:	32.9	A
Eff:	57	%
Tmp:	27.8	°C

Menu 6

Note that these are readings, rather than settings, and cannot be edited (note the empty arrow).

VPA	Voltage supplied to amplifier module.
IPA	Current absorbed to amplifier module.
Eff	Efficiency based on ratio of forward power to amplifier module power in percent (FWD PWR/(Vpa x Ipa) %).
Tmp	Machine internal temperature.

5.4.4 Alarm Menu (Alm)

This menu shows any alarm conditions occurring during machine operation. Alarm thresholds are preset at the factory.

```
▶ FWD:      0(10)
  RFL:      0(10)
  INP:      0(10)
  Reset Alm
```

Menu 7

FWD	Counter of alarm conditions triggered by forward power.
RFL	Counter of alarm conditions triggered by reflected power.
INP	Counter of alarm conditions triggered by input power.
Reset Alm	Alarm counter reset.

Alarm conditions are numbered from 1 to 10 and reflect the following situations: forward output power too high, reflected output power too high and input power too high.

Alarm monitoring cycle is as follows: when an alarm condition is detected, alarm counter increases by 1 unit, machine goes into lock-out state and the display shows the cause for the stop (chap. 5.3.4.1). After 15 seconds, the machine attempts to re-start; if a new alarm condition is detected, cycle is repeated over and over again up to 10 times maximum.

If machine re-starts successfully, all alarm counters are reset after 30 minutes' regular operation. After 10 alarm conditions triggered by the same cause, the machine goes into fault lock-out mode, a lock-out mode warning appears on the display and the "FAULT/LOCK" LED turns on (chap. 6.1).

After the alarm condition has been rectified, the counter can be reset by highlighting “Reset Alm” and holding down the **ENTER** key for some time (chap. 6.1).

5.4.4.1 Alarms and Faults

There are three types of alarms that can cause a machine lock-out and trigger a “FAULT/LOCK” indication. **When any one of the three alarm thresholds is exceeded, the system will automatically switch to the warning screen (even though the user is browsing system menus) and the following messages are displayed:**

1. Over Forward Power

Forward power threshold exceeded.



```
!! ATTENTION !!  
OVER FWD Power
```

Alarm 1

2. Over Reflected Power

Reflected power threshold exceeded.



```
!! ATTENTION !!  
OVER RFL Power
```

Alarm 2

3. Over Input Power

Input power threshold exceeded.



```
!! ATTENTION !!  
OVER INP Power
```

Alarm 3

Monitoring cycle is as follows:

- An alarm condition occurs;
- Alarm is displayed and device is locked out for 15 sec.;
- Operating conditions are restored;
- Verification.

Upon reaching the 10 cycle limit, a “FAULT/LOCK” indication is triggered and the device goes into lock-out mode; the appropriate LED turns on (figure 6.1]) and this screen is displayed:

I. Over Forward Power

Forward power alarm display.



```
!! HALTED FOR !!
OVER FWD Power
```

Stop 1

II. Over Reflected Power

Reflected power alarm display.



```
!! HALTED FOR !!
OVER RFL Power
```

Stop 2

III. Over Input Power

Input power alarm display.



```
!! HALTED FOR !!
OVER INP Power
```

Stop 3

Once the machine goes into “FAULT/lock” mode, it will no longer attempt to re-start; choose the appropriate reset procedure according to current machine setting:

- Machine set to LOCAL control mode - press “Reset Alm” in the alarm menu (menu 7) or power off and back on again using the POWER switch (chap. 6.2).
- Machine set to REMOTE control mode - power off and back on again sending the appropriate command via the DB15 connector (chap. 6.3.2 - item [14] and [15]).

There is a fourth alarm that does not trigger a “FAULT/LOCK” condition, but allows some time until correct operating conditions are restored. When the temperature alarm threshold is exceeded (about 85°C), the following screen appears:

4. Over Temperature

Temperature power threshold exceeded.

```
!! ATTENTION !!  
OVER TEMPERATURE
```

Alarm 4

5.4.5 Miscellaneous Menu (Mix)

This menu lets you set machine address in an I²C bus serial connection:

```
▶ IIC: 255
```

Menu 8

IIC I²C address setting. The I²C network address becomes significant when the exciter is connected in an RVR transmission system that uses this protocol. Do not change it unless strictly required.

5.4.6 Version Menu (Vrs)

This screen holds machine version/release information:

```
▶ Re1:FPRO-000304  
Dat:02/03/2005  
Tab:PJL_01KL_01
```

Menu 9

Note that these are readings, rather than settings, and cannot be edited (note the empty arrow).

Re1	Firmware release information.
Dat	Release date.
Tab	Shows table loaded in the memory.

6. Front and Rear Panel Description

This section describes the components found on the front and rear panel of PJ500C-LCD, PJ700C-LCD and PJ1000-LIGHT.

6.1 Front Panel

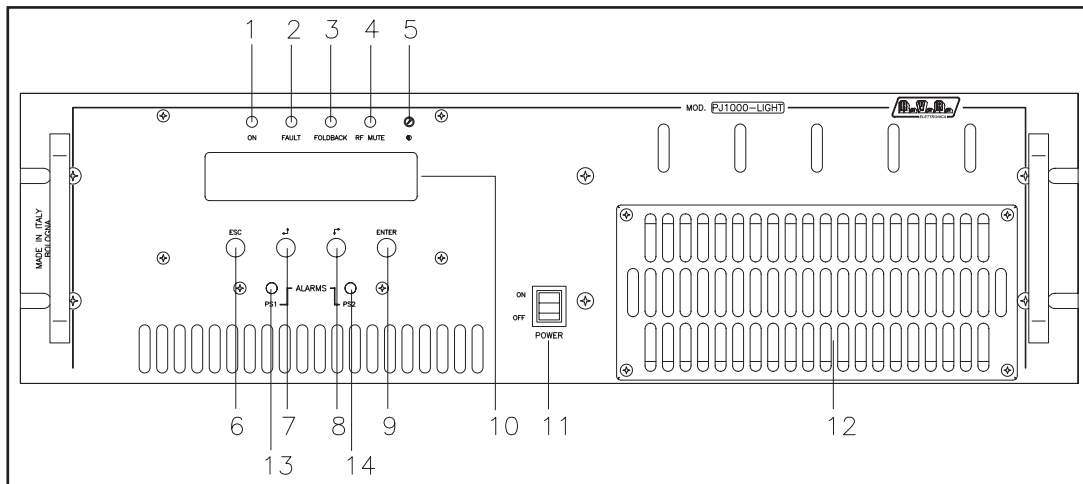


Figure 6.1

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| [1] ON | Green LED - Turns on when amplifier is powered on. |
| [2] FAULT/LOCK | Red LED - Turns on when machine is in permanent fault lock-out mode. |
| [3] FOLDBACK | Yellow LED - Turns on when foldback current limiting (Automatic Gain Control) is intervened. |
| [4] R.F. MUTE | Yellow LED - Turns on when exciter power output is inhibited by an external interlock signal. |
| [5] CONTRAST | Display contrast trimmer. |
| [6] ESC | Press this button to exit a menu. |
| [7] | Navigation button used to browse menu system and edit parameters. |
| [8] | Navigation button used to browse menu system and edit parameters. |
| [9] ENTER | Press this button to confirm a modified parameter and open a menu. |
| [10] DISPLAY | Liquid Crystal Display |
| [11] POWER | AC mains ON/OFF switch. |
| [12] AIR FLOW | Air grille. |
| [13] ALARMS PS1 | Yellow LED - Turns on when Power Supply unit is not fed either because "PWR OFF" was selected via software, or power is set to 0 W, or due to Power Supply malfunction (when this LED turns on, it causes the ALARM PS2 LED to come on as well, because the two LEDs are connected internally). |
| [14] ALARMS PS2 | Yellow LED, see item [13] |

6.2 Rear Panel

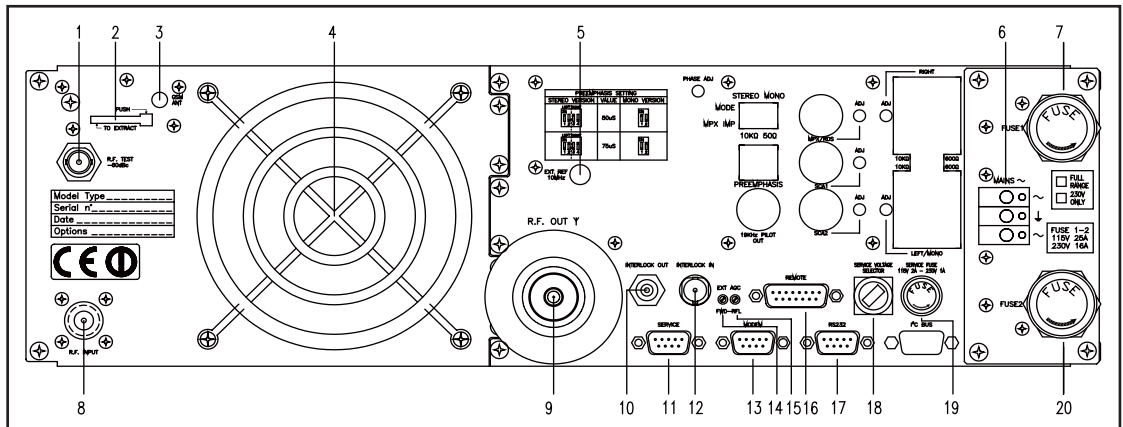


Figure 6.2

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| [1] R.F. TEST | Output with level -60 dB lower than output power level, suitable for modulation monitoring. Not suitable for spectrum analysis. |
| [2] GSM SLOT-IN | Reserved for future implementations |
| [3] GSM ANT | Reserved for future implementations |
| [4] AIR FLOW | Air grille. |
| [5] 10MHz | Reserved for future implementations |
| [6] MAINS | Terminal board for 115-230 V 50-60 Hz mains power supply. |
| [7] FUSE 1 | Mains power supply fuse [chap. 5.1 - Table 1]. |
| [8] R.F. INPUT | “N”-type RF input connector. |
| [9] R.F. OUTPUT | RF output connector, N-type for PJ500C-LCD and PJ700C-LCD 7/16” for PJ1000-LIGHT . |
| [10] INTERLOCK OUT | Interlock output BNC connector: when the transmitter goes into stand-by mode, the (normally floating) central connector is connected to ground. |
| [11] SERVICE | DB9 connector for factory setting |
| [18] INTERLOCK IN | Interlock input BNC connector: when central conductor is connected to ground, the transmitter is placed into forced standby mode. |
| [13] MODEM | Reserved for future implementations |
| [14] FWD EXT. AGC | Trimmer to set output power limitation according to FWD fold input (chap.6.3.2 - Pin [2]). |
| [15] RFL EXT. AGC | Trimmer to set output power limitation according to RFL fold input (chap.6.3.2 - Pin [10]). |
| [16] REMOTE | Telemetry DB15 connector. |
| [17] RS232 | Reserved for future implementations |
| [18] SERVICE VOLTAGE SEL. | 115-230V mains voltage selector. |
| [19] SERVICE FUSE | Service fuse [chap. 5.1 - Table 1]. |
| [20] FUSE 2 | Mains power supply fuse [chap. 5.1 - Table 1]. |

6.3 Connectors description

6.3.1 Service (for factory setting purposes only)

Type: Female DB9



- 1 NC
- 2 TX_D
- 3 RX_D
- 4 Internally connected to 6
- 5 GND
- 6 Internally connected to 4
- 7 Internally connected to 8
- 8 Internally connected to 7
- 9 NC

6.3.2 Remote

Type: Female DB15



Pin	Name	Type	Purpose
1	Interlock	IN	Inhibits power if closed to GND
2	Ext AGC FWD	IN	Ext. signal, 1-12V, for power limitation (AGC)
3	GND		Ground
4	SDA IIC	I/O	Serial for IIC communication
5	VPA TIm	ANL OUT	PA supply voltage: 3.9V F.S.
6	FWD TIm	ANL OUT	Forward power: 3.9V F.S.
7	Power Good	DIG OUT	Signalling of the activation by the grounding of the contact normally open (chap. 5.4.1)
8	GND		Ground
9	GND		Ground
10	Ext AGC RFL	IN	Ext. signal, 1-12V, for power limitation (AGC)
11	SCL IIC	I/O	Clock for IIC communication
12	IPA TIm	ANL OUT	PA power supply: 3.9V F.S.
13	RFL TIm	ANL OUT	Forward power: 3.9V F.S.
14	On cmd	DIG IN	A pulse towards ground (500 ms) triggers power output
15	OFF cmd	DIG IN	A pulse to ground (500 ms) inhibits power output

7. Technical Specifications

7.1 Generals Specifications

Parameters	Conditions	U.M.	PJ500C-LCD	PJ700C-LCD	PJ1000LIGHT	
GENERAL						
Frequency range		MHz	87.5 - 108	87.5 - 108	87.5 - 108	
Rated output power		W	50	70	100	
Input power for rated output		W	10	12	11	
Power supply type			Mono phase	Mono phase	Mono phase	
AC Supply Voltage	Mains input voltage range	VAC	230 ±15%	230 ±15%	230 ±15%	
DC Supply Voltage	CPU backup input Voltage	VDC				
AC Apparent Power Consumption		VA	920	1215	1650 / 1480 (*)	(*) macchina in compressione input 18W
Active Power Consumption		W	900	1190	1630 / 1460 (*)	(*) macchina in compressione input 18W
RF Fan active Power consumption		W	24	24	24	
RF module efficiency		%	73	73	71 / 76(*)	(*) macchina in compressione input 18W
Overall efficiency		%	60	60	61 / 68 (*)	(*) macchina in compressione input 18W
Input device			4 pushbutton	4 pushbutton	4 pushbutton	
Display			Alphanumerical LCD - 2 x 16	Alphanumerical LCD - 2 x 16	Alphanumerical LCD - 2 x 16	
Overall Physical Dimensions	Front panel width	mm	483	483	483	
	Front panel height	mm	3	3	3	
	Overall depth	mm	520	520	550	
Ambient working temperature		°C	0 to + 50 (operational -10)	0 to + 50 (operational -10)	0 to + 50 (operational -10)	
Spurious & harmonic suppression		dBc	<75 (80 typical)	<75 (80 typical)	<75 (80 typical)	Meets or exceeds all FCC and CDR rules
RF INPUT						
RF Input	Connector		N type	N type	N type	
Impedance		Ohm	50	50	50	
Driver power for rated output		W	11	11	11	
Max input power before protection		W	20	20	20	
RF OUTPUTS						
RF Output	Connector		N female type	N female type	7/16" flange type	
Impedance		Ohm	50	50	50	
RF Monitor	Connector		BNC	BNC	BNC	
Impedance		Ohm	50	50	50	
Output Level		dB	approx. -60 dBc	approx. -60 dBc	approx. -60	Referred to the RF output
AUXILIARY CONNECTIONS						
Interlock Input	Connector		BNC	BNC	BNC	For remote power inhibition (short is RF off)
Interlock Output	Connector		BNC	BNC	BNC	For remote power inhibition (short is RF off)
RS232 Serial Interface	Connector					
Service	Connector		DB9 F	DB9 F	DB9 F	Factory reserved for firmware program
I ² Cbus	Connector					
Modem	Connector					
RS485 Serial Interface	Connector					
Remote interface	Connector					
Telemetry interface	Connector		DB15F	DB15F	DB15F	IIC + 5 analog / digital inputs, 5 analog / digital outputs
POWER REQUIREMENTS						
AC Power Input	AC Supply Voltage	VAC	80 - 260 (*)	80 - 260 (*)	80 - 260 (*)	(*) Full range (**) Internal switch
	AC Apparent Power Consumption	VA	920	1215	1650	
	Active Power Consumption	W	900	1190	1630	
	Power Factor		0,98	0,97	0,98	
	Connector		morsettiera	morsettiera	morsettiera	
DC Power Input	DC Supply Voltage	VDC				
	DC Current	ADC				
FUSES						
On Mains			2 External fuse F 25 T - 10 x 38 mm	2 External fuse F 25 T - 10 x 38 mm	2 External fuse F 16 T - 10 x 38 mm	
On services			1 External fuse F 1 T - 5x20 mm	1 External fuse F 1 T - 5x20 mm	1 External fuse F 1 T - 5x20 mm	
On PA Supply			2 Internal fuses F 16 A 10 x 38 mm	2 Internal fuses F 16 A 10 x 38 mm	3 Internal fuses F 10 A 10 x 38 mm	
On Aux VDE socket						
MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS						
Physical Dimensions	Front panel width	mm	483 (19")	483 (19")	483 (19")	19" EIA rack
	Front panel height	mm	132 3HE	132 3HE	132 3HE	
	Overall depth	mm	520	520	550	
	Chassis depth	mm	500	500	500	
Weight		kg	about 2,4	about 2,4	about 3,1	
TELEMETRY / TELECONTROL						
Remote connector inputs	Analogical level		FWD fold	FWD fold	FWD fold	For P.A. A.G.C. purpose, min 0,5 Vcc
	Analogical level		REF fold	REF fold	REF fold	For P.A. A.G.C. purpose, min 0,5 Vcc
	pulse		RF ON	RF ON	RF ON	
	pulse		RF OFF	RF OFF	RF OFF	
	ON/OFF level		Interlock	Interlock	Interlock	for remote power inhibition (short is RF off)
	Analogical level		FWD	FWD	FWD	max 5 Vcc
Remote connector outputs	Analogical level		REF	REF	REF	max 5 Vcc
	Analogical level		VPA	VPA	VPA	max 5 Vcc
	Analogical level		IPA	IPA	IPA	max 5 Vcc
	ON / OFF level		Power Good	Power Good	Power Good	open collector
Remote connector others			I ² Cbus	I ² Cbus	I ² Cbus	
TELEMETRY-TELECONTROL SW						
Telecon			Yes, via TLC300 or TLC2000	Yes, via TLC300 or TLC2000	Yes, via TLC300 or TLC2000	
VARIOUS						
Cooling type			Forced, with internal fan	Forced, with internal fan	Forced, with internal fan	
Potenza dissipata in calore		W	400	490	630	
Acoustic Noise		dBa	<75	<75	<75	Leq 3 min @ 1 m
STANDARD COMPLIANCE						
Safety			EN60215:1989	EN60215:1989	EN60215:1989	
EMC			EN 301 489-11 V1, 2, 1	EN 301 489-11 V1, 2, 1	EN 301 489-11 V1, 2, 1	
Spectrum Optimization						

7.2 Options

/RCT

/CNT7/8-150

Power supply with rectifier.

Available for model PJ500C-LCD

7/8" output RF connector.

Available for model PJ1000light

8. Operating principles

Figures below provides an overview of PJ1000light(fig.8.1) and PJ500C-LCD and PJ700C-LCD (fig.8.2) modules and connections.

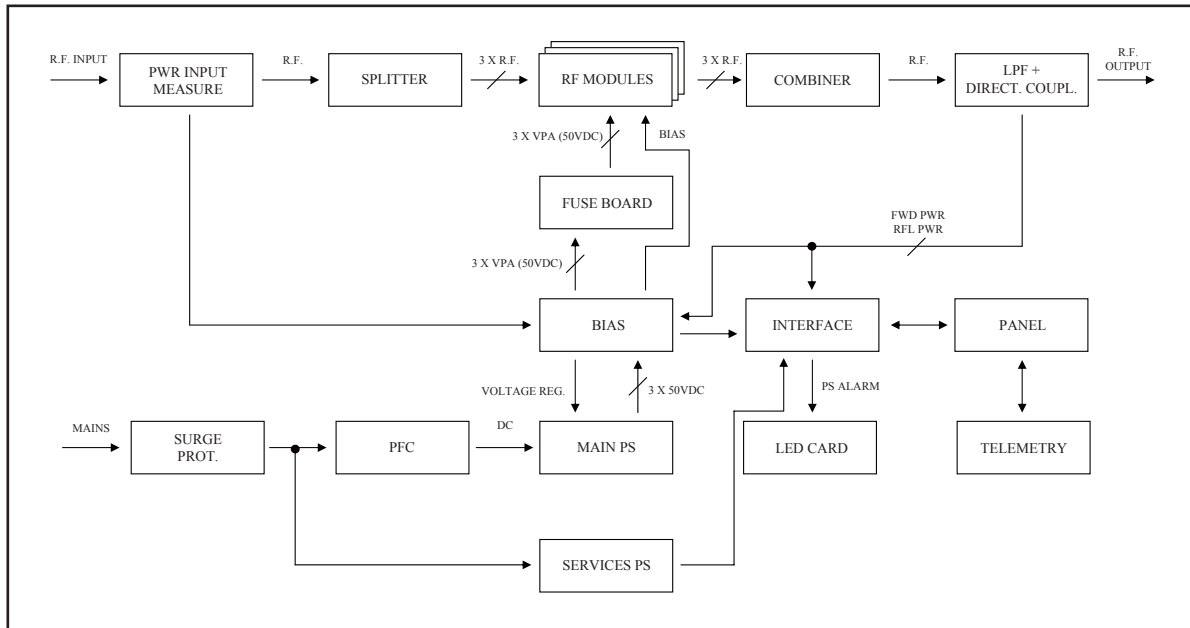


Figure 8.1

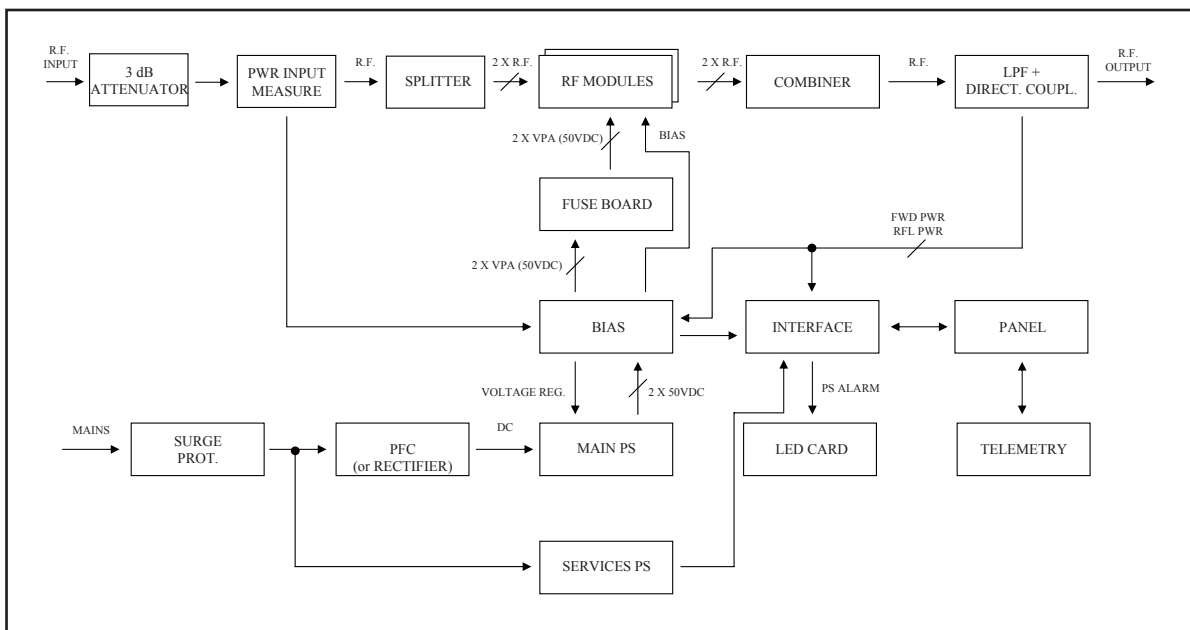


Figure 8.2

Following is a brief description of the different module functions; all diagrams and board layout diagrams are included in the “Technical Schedule” Vol.2.

8.1 Power supply

PJ500C-LCD, PJ700C-LCD and PJ1000light power supply section is made up of a surge protection module and two power supply units:

1. **Surge Protection module** (see description in chap. 8.1.1): protects the machine from possible voltage surge events and electric discharges in the power mains.
2. **Power amplifier supply unit:** provides adequate power supply for RF power amplifier modules. It is a switching power supply unit with PFC full range; for details of the PFC and converter modules, please see chapters 8.1.2 and 8.1.3, respectively.
3. **Service power supply unit:** provides adequate power supply for all modules except RF power modules. Major components of this 50-Hz transformer-based power supply unit are:
 - Power switch
 - Service fuse
 - Mains voltage selector
 - Service transformer



NOTE: Please see chapter 5.1 for power supply unit settings.

8.1.1 Mains power supply pulse protection (SLSRGPRPJ1KM)

This module is enclosed in a sealed metal case (see figure 9.1); it features two externally mounted mains fuses (figure 6.2) and accommodates a bank of surge arresters that protect the machine from any surge events in the power mains.

Mains voltage is brought from this module to the main Power switch on the front panel (figure 6.1), which relays it to the service transformer TR1 (figure 9.2).

Inside the surge protection module, a suitable 24VDC relay controlled via the interface board isolates (single line) mains voltage to be fed to the power amplifier power supply unit (PFC module). This way, mains power supply to PFC is enabled when these requirements are met:

- POWER switch on front panel (figure 6.1) set to ON;
- No alarm or fault events present (see chapter 5.3.4);
- Power output enabled (set to ON) in FNC operation menu (menu 4, see chapter 5.3.1);
- RF output power set to over 0W using the edit mode (menu 2, see chapter 5.2).

8.1.2 PFC unit (PFCPSL1000)

The PFC unit is a rectifier that modulates absorbed current to ensure that the wave is sinusoidal as much as possible and achieve a 99% power factor.

The PFC unit can operate on 115 VAC or 230 VAC input voltage. It features a voltage selection block that normally does not require setting: see chapter 5.1.2 for a detailed description.

8.1.3 Switching power supply (PSL2403-03 and PSL5034)

The switching power supply incorporated in this amplifier feeds 50 VDC to the RF power modules with 25 A maximum current for **PJ500C-LCD** and **PJ700C-LCD** and 34 A maximum for **PJ1000light**.

This module has a control input that enables output voltage reduction when needed (for instance, in the event of RF output power reduction). Another input signal is used to shut down the power supply (0V output voltage) when any one of the following conditions is verified:

- Power output disabled (set to OFF) by user in FNC operation menu (menu 4, see chapter 5.3.1);
- Regulated power set to 0 Watt using the edit mode (menu 2, see chapter 5.2);
- An alarm or fault condition has occurred (see chapter 5.3.4).

8.2 Interface board (SL010IN5001)

This board performs the following tasks:

- It uses AC voltage from transformer TR1 to generate and distribute service power supply over the panel board;
- It controls and provides interfacing of the mains surge protection module (SLSRGPRPJ1KM);
- It controls and provides interfacing of the power amplifier power supply module (PSL2403-03 and PSL5034);
- It processes and provides interfacing of the control signals to/from the Bias Board (SLBIAS1K3U-2);
- It processes and provides interfacing of the control signals to/from the Panel Board (SL007PC2003);
- It acquires and processes the input signals from the input power measurement board (SLMPIPPJ1KC);
- It feeds and operates the cooling fans;
- It feeds and controls the LED indicator board.

8.3 Panel board - CPU (SL007PC2003)

The panel board accommodates the microcontroller that runs the machine control software and all user interface elements (display, LED's, keys, ...).

This board is interfaced with other machine modules via *flat cables* and provides for power supply, control signals and measurement distribution.

8.4 PWR Input Measure Board (SLMPIPPJ1KC)

This board enables measurement of the following parameters:

- Input power measurement;
- Main heat sink temperature measurement by an LM 50 sensor mounted on the board; it obtain the temperature through a fixing screw.

Both measurements are adequately processed and sent to the interface board that controls the protection modules and relays the signals to the CPU board to enable readings to be displayed.

8.5 Power amplifier

The RF power amplification section consists in several power modules (two on the **PJ500C-LCD** and **PJ700C-LCD**, three on the **PJ1000light**) coupled through a Wilkinson splitter and combiner using strip-line technology.

Each RF module of the **PJ500C-LCD** (code SL010RF1002) provides 300 W rated power - which rise up to 350 W each for the **PJ700C-LCD** and **PJ1000light** RF modules (code SL010RF2002) - using a single active element built using MOS technology. RF modules are fed by the switching power supply via the Bias board.

The splitter (Splitter Board code SLSITEX500L1 for **PJ500C-LCD** and **PJ700C-LCD**, or SLSPLTEX1KL1 for **PJ1000light**) splits the incoming power input signal equally to all RF modules. The combiner (Combiner Board code SLCOTEX500L1 for **PJ500C-LCD** and **PJ700C-LCD**, or code SLCMBTEX1KL1 for **PJ1000light**) combines the power output signals available at module outputs to obtain total amplifier power.

Splitter, amplifiers and combiner have been designed to sum amplifier output power signals in phase, so as to keep unbalance and power dissipation to a minimum.

The whole RF section is mounted on a finned heat sink with fan cooling.

8.6 LPF Board (SLLPFTEX1KL)

This board incorporates a low-pass filter to keep amplifier harmonics within permissible limits as specified by international standards.

A directional coupler is provided at filter output to measure forward and reflected RF output power; power readings are relayed to the Interface and Bias boards to enable processing and display.

The LPF board incorporates an RF output (having a level about -60 dB lower than output level) which is brought to a BNC connector (figure 6.2). This provides a convenient test point to check carrier characteristics, **but does not ensure an accurate assessment of higher harmonics.**

8.7 BIAS board (SLBIAS1K3U-2)

The main purpose of this board is to control and correct the bias voltage of the RF amplification section MOSFETs.

It also provides a measure of the total current absorbed by the RF modules and incorporates a dedicated circuit for power supply fault reporting.

Under normal conditions, bias voltage is adjusted according to set output power using feedback based on actual output power reading (AGC).

Abnormal conditions affecting bias voltage so as to trigger foldback current limiting are:

- Exceeding reflected power at output
- External AGC signals (Ext. AGC FWD, Ext. AGC RFL)
- Temperature too high
- Any one RF module drawing too much current.

8.8 External Telemetry Interface Board (SLTLMTXLCD03)

This board provides an I/O interface for the CPU with the outside environment. All available machine input and output signals are brought to the REMOTE DB15 connector (chap. 6.3.4).

Also mounted on this board is the INTERLOCK IN BNC connector (figure 6.2) which can disable device power output. When the central pin is closed to ground, output power is limited to zero until ground connection is removed.

The INTERLOCK OUT BNC connector (figure 6.2), when used in combination with an R.V.R. amplifier, is connected to the exciter REMOTE or INTERLOCK IN connectors using a BNC-BNC connector. In the event of an amplifier fault, the central conductor is connected to ground and the transmitter is placed into forced standby mode.

9. Identification and Access to the Modules

Both **PJ500C-LCD**, **PJ700C-LCD** and **PJ1000-LIGHT** are made up of various modules linked to each other through connectors so as to make maintenance and any required module replacement easier.

9.1 Top View (PJ500C-LCD and PJ700C-LCD)

The figure below shows the equipment top view with the various components pointed out.

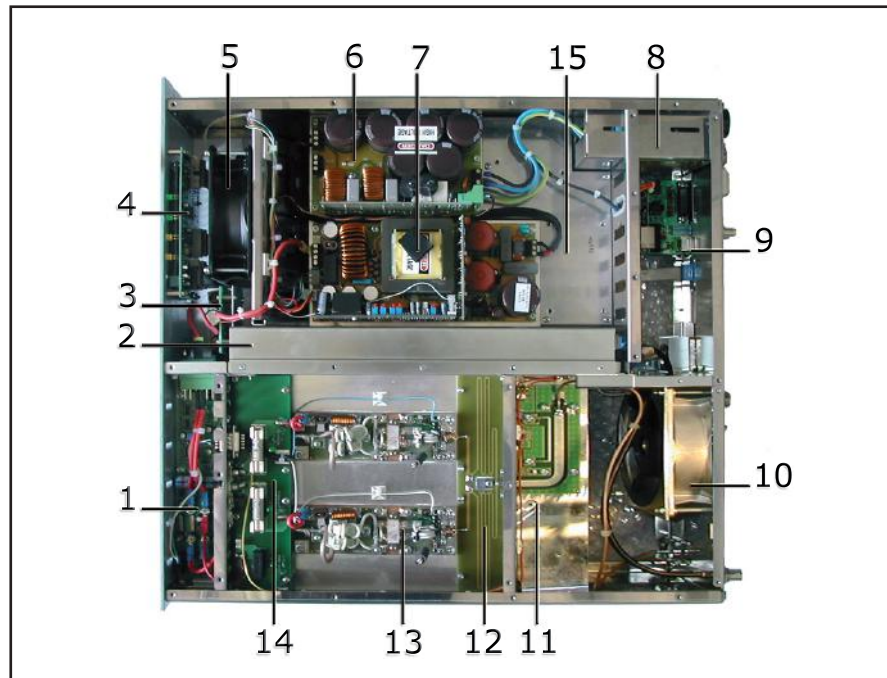


Figure 9.1

- [1] Bias Board (SLBIAS1K3U-2)
- [2] Pass-through Filter Board (SLFILPJ1KM)
- [3] Low Pass Filter Board (SLLPFTEX1KL)
- [4] Panel Board (SL007PC2003)
- [5] FAN1 Cooling Fan (VTL4184)
- [6] Power Factor Correction Board (PFCPSL1000)
or Rectifier Board (RCTPSL1000) - **Only for PJ500C-LCD**
- [7] 50V 25A Power Supply (PSL2403-03)
- [8] Pulse Protection Board (SLSRGPRPJ1KM)
- [9] Telemetry Board (SLTLMTXLCD03)
- [10] FAN2 Cooling Fan (VTL9GL1224J)
- [11] Input Power Measure Board (SLMPIPPJ1KC)
- [12] Splitter Board (SLSITEX500L1)
- [13] 2x RF module (SL010RF1002)
2x RF module (SL010RF2002) - **Only for PJ700C-LCD**
- [14] Combiner Board (SLCOTEX500L1)
- [15] Fuse Board (SLFUSTX500-1)

9.2 Bottom View (PJ500C-LCD and PJ700C-LCD)

The figure below shows the equipment bottom view with the various components pointed out.

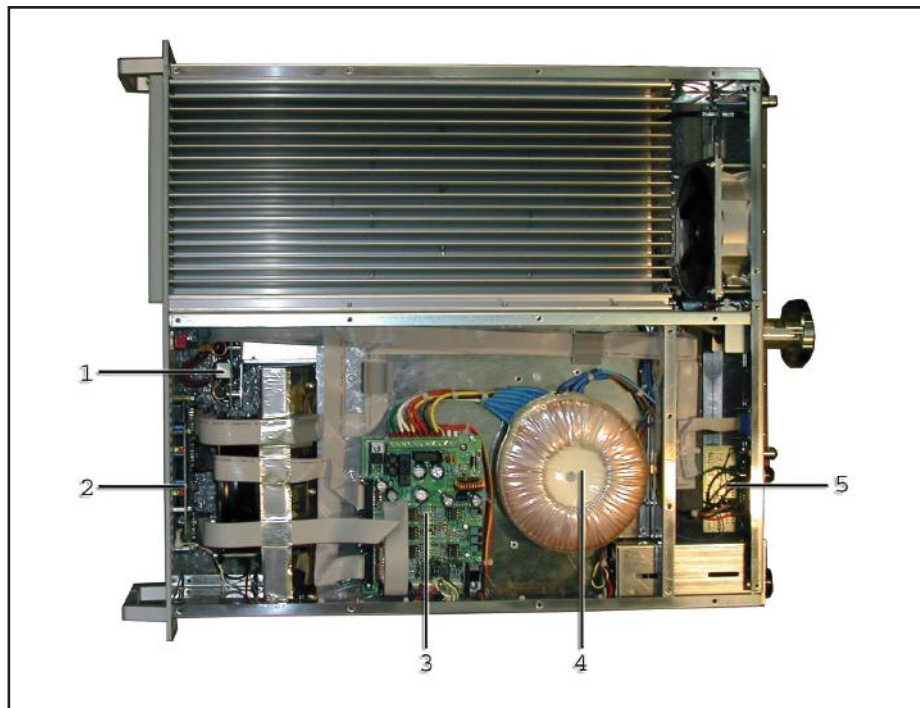


Figure 9.2

- [1] Filter PS Board (SLFILPSPJ1KC)
- [2] LED PS Board (SLLEDPSTEX1K)
- [3] Interface Board (SL010IN5001)
- [4] TR1 Transformer (TRFTEX1000T)
- [5] Telemetry Board (SLTLMTXLCD03)

9.3 Top View (PJ1000light)

The figure below shows the equipment top view with the various components pointed out.

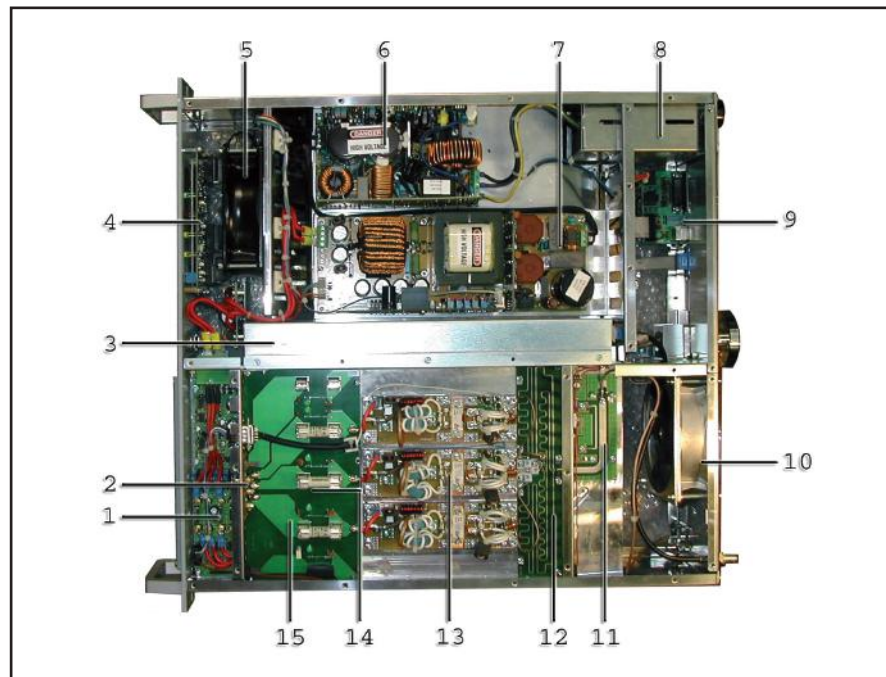


Figure 9.3

- [1] Bias Board (SLBIAS1K3U-2)
- [2] Pass-through Filter Board (SLFILPJ1KM)
- [3] Low Pass Filter Board (SLLPFTEX1KL)
- [4] Panel Board (SL007PC2003)
- [5] FAN1 Cooling Fan (VTL4184)
- [6] Power Factor Correction Board (PFCPSL1000)
- [7] 50V 34A Power Supply (PSL5034)
- [8] Pulse Protection Board (SLSRGPRPJ1KM)
- [9] Telemetry Board (SLTLMTXLCD03)
- [10] FAN2 Cooling Fan (VTL9GL1224J)
- [11] Input Power Measure Board (SLMPIPPJ1KC)
- [12] Splitter Board (SLSPLTEX1KL1)
- [13] RF module (SL010RF2002)
- [14] Combiner Board (SLCMBTEX1KL1)
- [15] Fuse Board (SLFURFPJ1KLG)

9.4 Bottom View (PJ1000light)

The figure below shows the equipment bottom view with the various components pointed out.

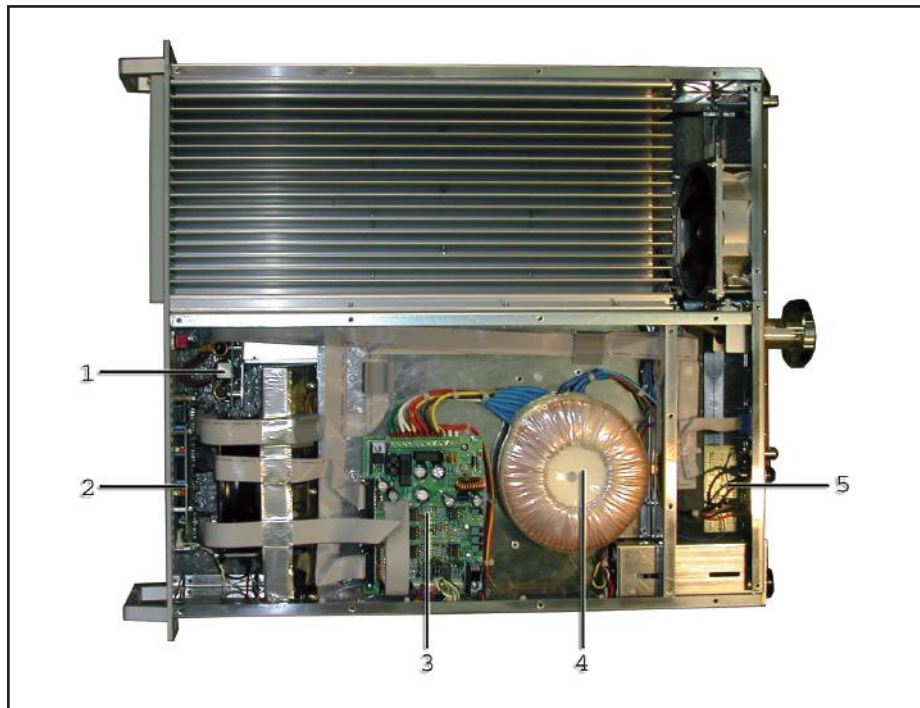


Figure 9.4

- [1] Filter PS Board (SLFILPSPJ1KC)
- [2] LED PS Board (SLLEDPSTEX1K)
- [3] Interface Board (SL010IN5001)
- [4] TR1 Transformer (TRFTEX1000T)
- [5] Telemetry Board (SLTLMTXLCD03)